predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

=>

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

chain bonds :

8-11 9-12

ring bonds :

 $1-2 \quad 1-6 \quad 2-3 \quad 3-4 \quad 4-5 \quad 5-6 \quad 5-7 \quad 6-10 \quad 7-8 \quad 8-9 \quad 9-10 \quad 11-13 \quad 11-17 \quad 12-18 \quad 12-22$ 

13-14 14-15 15-16 16-17 18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

exact bonds :

8-11 9-12

normalized bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 5-7 6-10 7-8 8-9 9-10 11-13 11-17 12-18 12-22

13-14 14-15 15-16 16-17 18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

isolated ring systems :

containing 11 : 12 :

## Match level :

 $1\!:\! Atom \quad 2\!:\! Atom \quad 3\!:\! Atom \quad 4\!:\! Atom \quad 5\!:\! Atom \quad 6\!:\! Atom \quad 7\!:\! Atom \quad 8\!:\! Atom \quad 9\!:\! Atom \quad 10\!:\! Atom \quad$ 

11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:Atom 16:Atom 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom

20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom

## L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> 1d

LD IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND

The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system. For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> d L1 HAS NO ANSWERS L1STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 11

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 08:45:26 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 45 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 45 ITERATIONS 16 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

\*\*COMPLETE\*\* BATCH

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 498 TO 1302 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 80 TO 560

L216 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 full FULL SEARCH INITIATED 08:45:33 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -1016 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 1016 ITERATIONS 344 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3344 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST 166.94 167.15

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:45:40 ON 30 MAY 2006 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

Page 4 Saeed

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 30 May 2006 VOL 144 ISS 23 FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 May 2006 (20060528/ED)

Effective October 17, 2005, revised CAS Information Use Policies apply. They are available for your review at:

http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html

=> s 13

L4 181 L3

=> file reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.92 168.07

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:47:06 ON 30 MAY 2006 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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Property values tagged with IC are from the  ${\tt ZIC/VINITI}$  data file provided by  ${\tt InfoChem}$ .

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 28 MAY 2006 HIGHEST RN 885861-83-6 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 28 MAY 2006 HIGHEST RN 885861-83-6

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 6, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

\*\*\*\*\*\*

\* The CA roles and document type information have been removed from \* the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added, \* effective March 20, 2005. A new display format, IDERL, is now \* available and contains the CA role and document type information. \* \*

Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS for details.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\106792092.str

chain nodes :

24 25

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

chain bonds :

2-25 4-24 8-11 9-12

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 5-7 6-10 7-8 8-9 9-10 11-13 11-17 12-18 12-22

13-14 14-15 15-16 16-17 18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

exact/norm bonds :

2-25 4-24

exact bonds :

8-11 9-12

normalized bonds :

 $1-2 \quad 1-6 \quad 2-3 \quad 3-4 \quad 4-5 \quad 5-6 \quad 5-7 \quad 6-10 \quad 7-8 \quad 8-9 \quad 9-10 \quad 11-13 \quad 11-17 \quad 12-18 \quad 12-22$ 

13-14 14-15 15-16 16-17 18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

isolated ring systems :

containing 11 : 12 :

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:Atom 16:Atom 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom

20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom 24:CLASS 25:CLASS

L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d

Page 6 Saeed

L5 HAS NO ANSWERS L5 STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 15

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 08:47:23 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 4 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 4 ITERATIONS 0 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 4 TO 200

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L6 0 SEA SSS SAM L5

=> s 15 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 08:47:32 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 103 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 103 ITERATIONS 25 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L7 25 SEA SSS FUL L5

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST 166.94 335.01

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:47:38 ON 30 MAY 2006 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

Page 7 Saeed

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 30 May 2006 VOL 144 ISS 23 FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 May 2006 (20060528/ED)

Effective October 17, 2005, revised CAS Information Use Policies apply. They are available for your review at:

http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html

=> s 17

L8 45 L7

=> d ibib abs hitstr tot

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 45
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
11TLE:
11MVENTOR(S):
2005:1335074 CAPLUS
144:69859
11dolos, pteridines, pyridopyrazines, and benzotriazines as vasculostatic agents, their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions and use in therapy
Vrasidlo, Wolfgang, Doukas, John Royston, Ivor;
Noronha, Glenn Hood, John D.; Dheprovskaia, Elena;
Gong, Xianchang; Splittgerber, Ute; Zhao, Ningning
Targegen, Inc., USA
U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 95 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 679, 209.
CODEM: USXXCO

Patent English 2 DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
US 2005282814	A1	20051222	US 2005-105845		20050413
US 2004167198	Al	20040826	US 2003-679209		20031002
PRIORITY APPLN, INFO.:			US 2002-415981P	P	20021003
			US 2003-440234P	P	20030114
			US 2003-443752P	P	20030129
			US 2003-463818P	P	20030417
			US 2003-466983P	P	20030430
			US 2003-479295P	P	20030617
			US 2003-679209	À2	20031002
OTHER SOURCE(S):	HARPAT	144:69859			••••

$$\underset{H_2N}{\overset{NH_2}{\bigvee}}\underset{N}{\overset{N}{\bigvee}}\underset{N}{\overset{OH}{\bigvee}}$$

ANSWER 1 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

#### ●2 HC1

677297-55-1P, 6,7-Bis(3-hydroxyphenyl)pteridine-2,4-diamine dihydrochloride 677297-56-2P, 6,7-Bis(3-hydroxyphenyl)pteridine-2,4-diamine methanesulfonate 677297-57-3P, 6,7-Bis(3-hydroxyphenyl)pteridine-2,4-diamine dhydrobromide 677297-62-0P, 6,7-Bis(3,4-dihydroxyphenyl)pteridine-2,4-diamine RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES

(Uses) (drug candidate; preparation of vasculostatic agents and use for

treatment

of disorders associated with compromised vasculostasis)

RN 677297-55-1 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 3,3'-(2,4-dismino-6,7-pteridinediyl)bis-, dihydrochloride (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

677297-56-2 CAPLUS Phenol, 3,3'-(2,4-diamino-6,7-pteridinediyl)bis-, methanesulfonate (salt) 6811 (CA INNEX NAME)

CRN 677297-51-7 CMF C18 H14 N6 O2

Page 9 Saeed

ANSWER 1 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)
The invention relates to nitrogen heterocyclic compds. of formula I, which are useful for treating disorders associated with compromised vasculostasis. In compds. I, each of A, B, V, X, Y, and Z is independently selected from C, C(0), N, and NR3, where R3 is H or (un)substituted alkyl, each R1 is independently halo, OR4, N(R4)2, or SR4, where R4 is H, lower alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, etc.; each R2 is independently halo, OR5, N(R5)2, SR5, OPO3H2, (un)substituted alkyl, (un)substituted alkyl, (un)substituted alkyl, (un)substituted alkyl, each R2 is independently halo, OR5, N(R5)2, SR5, OPO3H2, (un)substituted alkyl, each R2 is independently, and each of m and n is independently an integer from 1 to 4. The invention also relates to the preparation of I, pharmaceutical compns. comprising a compound I and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, as well as to the use of the compns. for the treatment of a variety of disorders including stroke, myocardial infarction, cancer, inchemis/reperfusion injury, autoimmume diseases such as retinopathies or macular degeneration, inflammatory diseases, vascular leakage syndrome, edena, transplant rejection, adult/acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS), and the like. Cyclocondensation of 3,3"-dihydroxybenzil with 2,4,5,6-tetraaminopyrimidine sulfate results in the formation of diaminopteridine II. Compound II expresses an IC50 value of 83 nM in an assay for the inhibition of the human pl20y subunit of P13 kinase and results in 654 reduction of myocardial infarction in rats.
677297-51-7P, 6,7-Bis(3-hydroxyphenyl)pteridine-2,4-diamine dihydrochloride
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity) RCT (Reactant), SSN (Synthetic preparation); RAC (Reactant or reagent), USES (Uses)
(drug candidate) preparation of vasculostatic agents and use for latenet

treatment tment
of disorders associated with compromised vasculostasis)
677297-51-7 CAPLUS
Phenol, 3,3'-(2,4-diamino-6,7-pteridinediyl)bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

677297-63-1 CAPLUS 1,2-Benzenedio1, 4,4'-(2,4-diamino-6,7-pteridinediy1)bis-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 1 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

677297-57-3 CAPLUS
Phenol, 3,3'-(2,4-diamino-6,7-pteridinediyl)bis-, dihydrobromide (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

677297-62-0 CAPLUS 1,2-Benzenedio1, 4,4'-(2,4-diamino-6,7-pteridinediy1)bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

677298-35-0, 6,7-Bis-(3-hydroxyphenyl)pteridine-2,4-diamine

sylfate sulfate RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity), THU (Therapeutic use), BIOL (Biological study), USES (Uses) (Biological study), USES (Uses) (preparation of vasculostatic agents and use for treatment of disorders associated with compromised vasculostasis) 677298-35-0 CAPLUS Phenol, 3,3'-(2,4-diamino-6,7-pteridinediyl)bis-, sulfate (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 677297-51-7 CMF C18 H14 N6 O2

СH 2

CRN 7664-93-9 CMF H2 O4 5

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
111LE:
INVENTOR(5):
Varsidlo, Volfgang, Doukas, John Royston, Ivor;
Noronha, Glenn Hood, John Dn. Dneprowskaia, Elena;
Gong, Xianchang, Splittgerber, Ute; Zhao, Ningning
Targegen, Inc., USA
FOT Int. Appl., 230 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
English
TATES TROPHATION:
English
TATES TROPHATION:
English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

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			10306 10306								wo :	2003-	US31	721		2	0031	002	
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB	, BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
												, EE,							
			GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP.	, KE,	KG,	ΚÞ,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	
			LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK.	, MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	
			OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PŤ,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD.	, SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	TJ,	TM,	
			TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC.	, VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW			
		RW:										, TZ,							
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			727			AA						2003-							
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	EP		614									2003-							
		R:										, IT,						PT,	
												, TR,							
	BR	2003	10150	53		Α		2005	0809		BR :	2003-	1505	3		2	0031	002	
	CN	1720	1224			A		2006	0111		CN :	2003-	8010	4711		2	0031	002	
	JP	2006	55153	17		T2		2006	0525		JP :	2005- 2002-	5003	78		2	0031	002	
UOI	RITY	/ APE	LN.	INFO	. :														
											us :	2003-	4402	34P	1	PΖ	0030	114	
											us :	2003-	4437	52P	1	PZ	0030	129	
												2003-					0030		
											us :	2003-	1669	83P	- 1	2	0030	430	
											US 2	2003- 2003- 2003-	1792	95P	1	P 2	0030 0031	617	

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

Compds. (2 Markush structures shown as I and II; others are described in the claims and disclosure; variables defined below; e.g. III and IV) and methods are provided for treating disorders associated with compromised vasculostasts. Invention methods and compns, are useful for treating a variety of disorders including for example, stroke, myocardial infarction, cancer, ischemia/reperfusion injury, autoimnume diseases such as retimopathies or macular degeneration or other vitreoretinal diseases, inflammatory diseases,

Page 10 Saeed

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ANSWER 2 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) vascular leakage syndrome, edema, transplant rejection, adult/acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS), and the like. Although the methods of prepn. are not claimed, many example prepns. are included. For example, III was prepd. (75 %) from 2-[2-aminophenyllindole and 4-hydroxyphenylacetic acid. Various expts. are described that show the use of the claimed compds. along with chemotherapeutic agents for cancer treatment. The claimed compds. along with chemotherapeutic agents for cancer demonstrated for some of the claimed compds. alors how inhibition of vascular leak induced by interleukin 2. Inhibition of VEGF-induced edema, redn. of myocardial infarction and inhibition of c-Str and Yes kinases were demonstrated for some of the claimed compds. For I: each RO = -H. -COOH, -OR', -SOH, wherein R' is -H or lower alkyl, or when x = 2, each RO is taken together to form a 1,3-dioxolyl ring, or each RO = (un) substituted alkyl, (un) substituted alkyl, (un) substituted alkyl, (un) substituted arylalkyl, or -SRb, wherein Rb is -H (un) substituted arylalkyl, or -SRb, wherein Rb is -H (un) substituted arylalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, -(CH2) SNG, or -OPO3H2 wherein Rd is H, lower alkyl, aryl, heter and 26 are each N, X is NH2, and m = n = 2, Y is not Ph or 4-hydroxyphenyl.
677297-51-79, 6,7-Bis (3-hydroxyphenyl)pteridine-2,4-diamine
677297-63-19, 6,7-Bis (3,4-dihydroxyphenyl)pteridine-2,4-diamine
dihydrochloride
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic
preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
(drug candidate; preparation of vasculostatic agents and methods of use)
677297-51-7 CAPUS
Phenol, 3,3'-(2,4-diamino-6,7-pteridinediyl)bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) ANSWER 2 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

677297-63-1 CAPLUS
1,2-Benzenediol, 4,4'-(2,4-diamino-6,7-pteridinediyl)bis-, dihydrochloride
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HC1

18181-93-6F, 6,7-Diphenylpteridine-2,4-diamine
677297-50-6F, 6,7-Bis(3-hydroxyphenyl)pteridine-2,4-diamine
monohydrochloride 677297-55-1F, 6,7-Bis(3hydroxyphenyl)pteridine-2,4-diamine dihydrochloride 677297-56-2F
, 6,7-Bis(3-hydroxyphenyl)pteridine-2,4-diamine methanesulfonate
677297-57-3F, 6,7-Bis(3-hydroxyphenyl)pteridine-2,4-diamine
dihydrobromide 677297-62-0F, 6,7-Bis(3,4dihydrobromide 677297-62-0F, 6,7-Bis(3,4dihydroxyphenyl)pteridine-2,4-diamine 507298-35-0P,
6,7-Bis(3-hydroxyphenyl)pteridine-2,4-diamine sulfate
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity), SPN (Synthetic preparation), THU
(Therapeutic use), BIOL (Biological study), PREP (Preparation), USES
(Uses)
(drug candidate, preparation of vasculostatic agents and methods o

(uses)
(drug candidate; preparation of vasculostatic agents and methods of use)
18181-93-6 CAPLUS
2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 2 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 677297-51-7 CMF C18 H14 N6 O2

CH 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 03 S

677297-57-3 CAPLUS
Phenol, 3,3'-(2,4-diamino-6,7-pteridinediyl)bis-, dihydrobromide (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HBr

RN 677297-62-0 CAPLUS CN 1,2-Benzenediol, 4,4'-{2,4-diamino-6,7-pteridinediyl}bis- {9CI} (CA INDEX Page 11 Saeed

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

677297-50-6 CAPLUS Phenol, 3,3'-(2,4-diamino-6,7-pteridinediyl)bis-, monohydrochloride (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

677297-55-1 CAPLUS Phenol, 3,3'-(2,4-diamino-6,7-pteridinediyl)bis-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HC1

677297-56-2 CAPLUS Phenol, 3,3'-(2,4-dismino-6,7-pteridinediyl)bis-, methanesulfonate (salt)

ANSWER 2 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN NAME) (Continued)

677298-35-0 CAPLUS
Phenol, 3,3'-(2,4-dismino-6,7-pteridinediyl)bis-, sulfate (salt) (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 677297-51-7 CMF C18 H14 N6 O2

LB ANSWER 3 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:758726 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:314320 Determination of licenships.

AUTHOR (S):

2003:788726 CAPLUS
140:314320
140:314320
1a0:314320
1a0 CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE: Blomedical Chromatography (2003), 7(6), 365-372

PUBLISHER: John Wiley & Sons Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The liquid chromatog, retention factors extrapolated to pure water, k'w, for several 6,7-diaryl-pteridine derivs. in both an octadecylsilane (ODS) and an immobilized artificial membrane column (IAM.PC.DD2), using actonitrile-aqueous buffer pH = 7.45 as ambile phase, were obtained. The logarithms of the k'w values in the IAM.PC.DD2 column, log k'IAMw, show good correlation with the calculated values of the octanol-water partition coeffs., log Po/w, showing that the chromatog, parameter can be used as lipophilicity descriptor for the studied pteridines. However, interactions other than the lipophilic ones seem to be involved in the ODS column. Previous studies have shown that pteridines have antibelminic properties. In spite of the complexity of the studied biol. system as compared with the chromatog, one, good correlation between the descriptors obtained in the IAM column and biol. activity (expressed as the log of the inhibitory concentration required to obtain up to 50% in the reduction of population population growth of nematodes, log IC50) was observed IT 18181-93-6 Pett (Riological study, un

IT 18181-93-6 (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); (determination of lipophilic descriptors of antihelmintic 6,7-diaryl-pteridine derivs. for bioactivity predictions)
RN 18181-93-6 CAPUS
CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

LE ANSWER 5 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:589097 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:317316

Inhibition of Neuronal Nitric Oxide Synthase by

4-Anino Pteridine Derivatives: Structure-Activity

Relationship of Antagonists of (6R)-5,6,7,8
Tetrahydrobiopterin Cofactor

AUTHOR(S):

Froehlich, Lothar G.; Kotsonis, Peter, Traub, Hermann;

Taghavi-Hoghadam, Shahriyar; Al-Masoudi, Najim;

Hofmann, Heinrich, Strobel, Hartmut, Matter, Hams;

Pfleiderer, Wolfgang; Schmidt, Haraid H. H. W.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1999), 42(20),

Julius-Maximilians University Wuerzburg,

97078, Germany

SOURCE:

Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1999), 42(20),

4108-4121

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

AB The family of nitric oxide synthases (NOS) catalyzes the conversion of

L-arginine to L-citrulline and nitric oxide (NO), an important cellular

messenger mol. which has been implicated in the pathophysiol. of septic

shock and inflammatory and neurodegenerative disease states. NOS can be

maximally activated by the ubiquitous cofactor, (6R)-5,6,7,8
tetrahydrobiopterin (HHBip), and antagonists of HBip may be of

therapeutic importance to inhibit pathol. high NO formation. The 4-amino

substituted analog of HBBP was reported to be a potent NOS inhibitor.

Therefore, we developed a series of novel 4-amino pteridine deriva,

anti-pterins, to pharmacol. target the neuronal infororm of nitric oxide

synthase (NOS-1). To functionally characterize the pterin/anti-pterin

interaction and establish as structure-activity relationship (SAR), we

systematically eltered the substituents in the 2-, 4-, 5-, 6-, and

7-position of the pteridine nucleus. Vaeying the substitution pattern in

the 2-, 5-, and 7-position resulted in no significant inhibitory effect on

enzyme activity. In contrast, bulky substituents in the 6-position, such

as Ph, markedly increased the inhibitory potency of the reduced

4-amino-5,6,7,

18181-93-6 CAPLUS 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 4 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:125984 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:368664
TITLE: Yao, Qizineng: Fleiderer, Wolfgang
CORPORATE SOURCE: Factorial Factorial

the corresponding pteridin-2,4-diamines. Cleavage of the N2[(dimethylamino)methylene) group works well with ammonia. The advantage of applying the 2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl (npe) group as blocking group is seen in its selective removal by 1.8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undac-7-ene (DEU) under approtic conditions without harming the other substituents.

18181-93-69
RIL SPN (Synthetic preservice). NPR (Management)

18181-93-69
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation)
(N2-acylation of pterins followed by Mitsunobu alkylation to form alkyl
derivs. of pterins)
18181-93-6 CAPLUS
2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 5 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

REFERENCE COUNT:

60 THERE ARE 60 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 6 OF 45
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1198:237746 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
128:291449
Application of neural networks to the study of structure-activity relationships of 6,7-diarylpteridines as nematocides
Ochoa, C., Rodriguez, J., Rodriguez, M., Chana, A.,
Stud, M., Alonso-Villalobos, P., Martinez-Grueiro, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Inst. Quimica Medica, Madrid, 28006, Spain
Medicinal Chemistry Research (1997), 7(9), 530-545
CODEN: Medicinal Chemistry Research (1997), 7(9), 530-545
CODEN: MCREED: 155N: 1054-2523

PUBLISHER:

Birkhaeuser Boston
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:

AB A study of structure-activity relationships of 6,7-diarylpteridines as nematocides, using a trained back-propagation neural network, has been carried out. This network has allowed the prediction of the qual.

nematocide activity of pteridine derivs. not yet synthesized. Among 25 preselected pteridine derivs. 17 were predicted as nematocides by the network. The synthesis and the nematocidal activity of the pteridines, which had been predicted as active compds., are reported. Use of this network allows the prediction of qual. nematocide activity of pteridine derivs., not yet synthesized.

Ri: AGR (Agricultural use); BIOL (Biologica)

18181-93-6
RE: AGR (Agricultural use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(neural network simulation for prediction of nematocidal activity)
18181-93-6 CAPLUS
2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 0 0F 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:324866 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:258659
ITILE: Preparation of insecticidal pteridines and 8-deazapteridines.
INVENTOR(S): Henrie, Robert Neil, II, Peake, Clinton Joseph, Cullen, Thomas Gerard, Lew, Albert Chieh, Silverman, Ian Robert
FATENT ASSIGNEE(S): FMC Corp., USA
PCT Int. Appl., 64 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: Patent English 1

PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9427439	1	A1	19941208	WO 1994-US4474	19940425
W: A1	, AU, BB,	BG, BR	, BY, CA,	CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, I	S. FI. GB. GE.
н	. JP. KG.	KP. KR	. KZ. LK.	LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, 1	W. NL. NO. NZ.
				TJ, TT, UA, UZ, VN	,,,
				GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, I	C NI DT SE
				GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, T	
US 5521190		λ, υ.		US 1993-67897	19930527
AU 9467726	,	A1	19941220	AU 1994-67726	19940425
US 5532367	1	A	19960702	US 1995-416017	19950331
US 5639753	1	A	19970617	US 1995-612657	19951128
PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:				A 19930527
				WO 1994-U54474	W 19940425
OTHER SOURCE(S)	_	WIDDLE	122:2586		- 13340423
		UVICE WI	122:2300	JJ	
GI					

Pteridine and 8-deazapteridine compds. and compns. were prepared and used for controlling insects in agricultural crops. These pteridines may be represented by structure [I, R and RI = NHZ, lower alkylamino, di(lower alkylamino (e.g., NHZ), or di(lower alkylamino (e.g., NHZ), membershylamino (e.g., NHZ), membershylamino (e.g., NHZ), membershylamino (e.g., NHZ), membershylamino (e.g., NHZ), lower alkyl (e.g., CHZ), cH(CH3)2), di(lower alkyl) aminomethylamino, CH, lower alkyl (e.g., CHZ), choustituted Ph, halosikylphenylalkyl (e.g., 3-trifluoromethylphenylamthyl), Q = N or CH, R3 = (n)m-R4, n = 0 or 1; when n = 1, n is a bridging ston or noiety selected from O, S, SO, SOZ, lower alkylene (e.g., CHZ or CHZCHZ), lower alkynylene (e.g., CHZCHG), or alkynylene (e.g., CHZCHG), or alkynylene (e.g., CHZCHG), or (substituted amino)methyl (e.g., CHZCHG), and R4 = H, lower alkyl (e.g., Me, i-Pr), thien-2-yl, pyridin-3-yl, or II; V, V, X, Y = H, halo, halosikyl, aryl, Ph, PhO; Z = Hor halo]. A typical dust formulation against tobacco budworm contained 1 part 2,4-diamino-6-[3,5-di(itrifluoromethyl)phenyl]-7-methylpteridine and 99 parts talc.

Page 13 Saeed

L8 ANSWER 7 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
1996:466654 CAPLUS
125:157774
Anthelaintic activity of 6,7-diarylpteridines
AUTHOR(S):
Ochoa, Carmen, Rodriguez, Juan, Lopez Garcia, Haria
Luz, Martinez, Antonio Ramon, Martinez, Maria Hercedes
CORPORATE SOURCE:
Fac. Farm., Univ. Complutense, Madrid, E-28006, Spain
ACTABENITED FOR CORPORATE TYPE:
CORDN: ARZNAD, ISSN: 0004-4172
PUBLISHER:
COLDN: ARZNAD, ISSN: 0004-4172
LANGUAGE:
AB In search for new anthelmintic compds., some 6,7-diaryl-pteridines were
synthesized from the corresponding diaminopyrimidines and aromatic

synthesized from the corresponding diaminopyrimidates and account aldehydes.

Their anthelmintic activity was tested in vitro against Caenorhabditis elegans and Heligmosomoides polygyrus and in vivo against Trichinella spiralis. Structure-activity relationships are discussed.

IT 18181-93-6F
RL BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SFN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); FREF (Preparation)

(anthelminitic activity and preparation of disrylpteridines)

RN 18181-93-6 CAPLUS
CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 8 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on SIN (Continued)
10101-93-6P
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological
study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation and insecticidal activity of pteridine derivs.)
18181-93-6 CAPLUS
2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 9 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:134419 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:134419
TITLE: Protection

120:134419
Protection and deprotection of fused
2-amino-4(3H)-pyrimidinones: conversion of pterins and
5-deazapterins to 2,4-diamino derivatives
Taylor, Edward C., Otiv, S. R.; Durucasu, Inci
Dep. Chem., Princeton Univ., Princeton, NJ, 08544, USA
Hetercoycles (1993), 36(8), 1883-95
CODEN: HICYAM; ISSN: 0385-5414 AUTHOR (5): CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English CASREACT 120:134419 OTHER SOURCE(S):

5-Deazapterins and pterins are readily converted to their 4-deoxy-4-amino derivs., e.g. I, (a lactam-to-amidine conversion) by reaction with 4-chlorophenyl phosphorodichloridate and 1,2,4-triazole to give intermediate 4-[1-(1,2,4-triazoly]) derivs., e.g. II, followed by reaction with aqueous ammonia. Some anomalous results obtained by licetion.

application
of the Mitsunobu reaction (normally a lactam-to-lactim ether conversion)
to 5-deazapterins are detailed.
IT 18181-93-69

18181-93-6F RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of) 18181-93-6 CAPUS 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 10 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Co 18181-93-6 CAPLUS 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) (Continued)

151648-52-1 CAPLUS 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-bis(4-aminophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 10 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:4377 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:4377
TITLE: 194:14377 CAPLUS
120:4377
Identification of highly potent and selective inhibitors of Toxoplasma gondii dihydrofolate reductase Chio, Li Chun, Queener, Sherry F.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Med., Indiana Univ., Indianapolis, IN, 46202-5120, USA
Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy (1993), 37(9), 1914-23
CODEN: AMACCQ, ISSN: 0066-4804
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Benjish
AB Toxoplasma gondii RH was obtained in high yield from culture in RPMI medium on a line of Chinese hamster ovary cells lacking dihydrofolate reductase activity (ATCC 9352 dhfr-). Dihydrofolate reductase prepns. from harvested organisms had sp. activities of 22.9 nmol/min/mg. The 50% inhibitory concms. against reference compds. were 0.014 µM for methotrexate,
0.25 µM for pyrimethamine, 2.7 µM for trimethoprim, and 0.010 µM

inhibitory concess against reference compds. were 0.014 µM for methotrexate,

0.25 µM for pyrimethamine, 2.7 µM for trimethoprim, and 0.010 µM for trimetrexate. The Km value for NADPH was 11 µM and followed Michaelis-Menten kinetics; the Km for dihydrofolate was .apprx.11 µM, but substrate inhibition appeared to occur at high substrate concess. Dihydrofolate reductase from T. gondi was used to screen 130 compds. from the National Cancer Institute repository. Thirteen compds. were >100-fold more potent than pyrimethamine toward T. gondi dihydrofolate reductase; 6 compds. with various potencies were 8-46 times as selective as pyrimethamine for the protozoal form of the enzyme over the mammalian form. Four trimetrexate analogs were more potent than trimetrexate, and 2 were significantly more selective. Representative compds. were also tested in a culture model of T. gondi employing uracli incorporation as an index of growth. One pyrimethamine analog was as effective as pyrimethamic in inhibiting T. gondii in culture (50% inhibitory concentration,

0.45 µM). Three other compds. were also effective at micromolar concens.

6967-77-7 18181-93-6 151648-52-1

6967-77-7 18181-93-6 151648-52-1
RI: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (dihydrofolate reductase of Toxoplasma gondii inhibition by, structure in relation to) 6967-77-7 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4.4'-(2,4-diamino-6,7-pteridinediyl)bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 11 OF 45
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1976:164728 CAPLUS
1976:164728 CAPLUS
84:164728
Direct conversion of 4-hydroxypteridines to their
4-amino analogs
Gapski, G. R., Whiteley, J. M.
SOURCE:
Gapski, G. R., Whiteley, J. M.
Chem. Biol. Pteridines, Proc. Int. Symp., 5th (1975),
627-32. Editor(s): Pfleiderer, Wolfgang. de Gruyter:
Berlin, Ger.
CODEN: 32LMAC
Conference

English

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: GI Conference

The 4-aminopteridines I (R = NH2, Rl = H, Me, Ph) were prepared in 27-42% yields by treating I (R = OH) with PhOP(O) (NH2) 2. 1818-193-69

ΙT

18181-93-69
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation by amination of hydroxypteridines with
phenylphosphorodiamidate)
18181-93-6 CAPLUS
2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 12 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:37071 CAPLUS
BOCUMENT NUMBER: 80:37071
TITLE: Pterioines. LVIII. Synthesis and properties of pterin and 2,4-diaminopteridine mono- and di-N-oxides Yamamoto, Hiroshir Hutzenlaub, Wolfgang Pfleiderer, Wolfgang
CORPORATE SOURCE: Pachbereich Chem., Univ. Konstanz, Constance, Fed. Rep. Ger.

51324-31-3 CAPLUS
2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl-, 5,8-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 14 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1968:458202 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 69:58202

TITLE:

69:59202 Stimulation by pteridines of the uptake of amethopterin by human lymphocytes Kessel, David; Botterill, Vivienne; Hall, Thomas C. Lab. of Pharmacol., Children's Cancer Res. Found., Boston, MA, USA Blochemical Pharmacology (1968), 17(8), 1727-33 CODEN: BCPCA6; ISSN: 0006-2952 Journal AUTHOR (S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

JOHN TYPE: Journal Brights Triamino-6-phenylpteridine) and certain other pteridines stimulated the uptake of amethopterin by human small lymphocytes, apparently by removing a barrier to amethopterin transport. This stimulation did not extend appreciably to other cell types or to other lymphocyte transport systems tested. 19 references.

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(amethopterin absorption by lymphocytes in response to)
18181-93-6 CAPLUS
2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 13 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:446130 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 71:46130

DOCUMENT NUMBER

71:46130
Dihydrofolate reductase from Trypanosoma equiperdum.
II. Inhibition by 2,4-diaminopyrimidines and related heterocycles
HCCOrmack, John J., Jr., Jaffe, Julian J.
Coll. of Hed., Univ. of Vermont, Burlington, YT, USA Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1969), 12, 662-8
CODEN: JMCHAR, ISSN: 0022-2623
Journal
English TITLE:

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

CODEN: JMCHARY ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
AB A number of 2,4-diaminopyrimidines and related heterocyclic compds. have
been

evaluated as inhibitors of dihydrofolate reductase obtained from T. equiperdum, chicken liver, and rat liver. 2,4-Diaminopyrimidine itself (at 10-4H) was not effective as an inhibitor of dihydrofolate reduction in

(at 10-4M) was not effective as an inhibitor of dihydrofolate reduction in 3 systems studied but 5-aryl derive. of 2,4-diaminopyrimidine were good in-inhibitors (IDSO - 10-8 to 10-6M) of this enzymic reaction.
2,4-biamino-5-benzylpyrimidines and 2,4-diamino-5-aryloxypyrimidines were considerably more effective as inhibitors of the trypanosonal enzyme system than of the mammalian and evian systems. Although 2,4-diamino-6-phenyl-s-triazine was not active as an inhibitor of the enzymes studied, related 4,6-diamino-1,2-dihydro-s-triazines were potent inhibitors of the reductases. 2,4-Diamino-6,7-diphenylpteridine was found to be approx. 10-fold more effective as an inhibitor of the 3 reductase systems than was 2,4-diamino-6,7-dimentylpteridines 2-amino-6,7-diphenylpteridines and 4-amino-6,7-diphenylpteridines bearing an ortho substituent in the 6-aryl molety were 10-100-fold more potent as inhibitors of the reductase systems than were the corresponding para-substituted derivs. The 2-amino-4-hydroxypteridine derivs. The 2-amino-6-and derivs. biopterin, manthopterin, and isomanthopterin were effective neither as substrates nor as inhibitors of the trypanosomal reductase.

18181-93-6 CAPLUS
2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 15 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1968:452104 CAPLUS
GOCUMENT NUMBER: 69:52104
TITLE: Pteridines. XII. Structure-activity relation of some pteridine discretics
AUTHOR(S): Weinstock, Joseph, Wilson, James W., Wiebelhaus, Virgil D., Maars, Alfred R., Brennan, Francis T., Sosnowski, Genevieve
CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. and Develop. Div., Smith Kline and French Lab., Philadelphia, PA, USA
SOURCE: JOURNAIS SOURCE: Res. and Develop. Div., Smith Kline and French Lab., Philadelphia, PA, USA
SOURCE: JOURNAIS SSN: 0022-2623
JOURNAI TYPE: Language of the stript (1968), 11(3), 573-9
CODEN: JNCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
AB The discretion of trainterene), 2,4-diamino-6,7-dimethylpteridine (I), and 4,7-diamino-2-phenyl-pteridines-fore-boxemade was studied in the saline-loaded and sodium-deficient rat. A limited number of related pyrimidopyrinatines were similarly studied. Some of the compds. related to triamterene and I not only cause Na+ excretion but also conserve K+. All the 2-phenylpteridines that were studied which are active matriuratic agents also cause K+ excretion. In the triamterene series, replacement of any of the amino groups by either a large makine of a nonbasic group other than H leads to reduction of disretic activity. Replacement of the Phy a small, nonbasic group gives active disretic agents, but an aromatic (or heteroarcmatic) group gives active disretic agents, but an aromatic (or heteroarcmatic) group seems desirable for highest activity. Some variation in the substitution pattern on the pteridine ring is permissible as demonstrated by the activity of the triamterene isomers. The 7-Ph isomer is outstanding as a blocker of K+ excretion.

18181-93-6
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(as diuretic)
18181-93-6 CAPUS
2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSUER 16 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1960:118339 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 54:118339
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO: 54:22664-1, 22665a-b
Fieridines. XXI. One-step synthesis of
4-aninopteridines
AUTHOR(S): Taylor, Edward C., Jr., Cheng, C. C.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Princeton Univ., Frinceton, NJ
Journal of Organic Chemistry (1959), 24, 997-9
CODEN: JOCEAN: ISSN: 0022-3263
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal Organic Chemistry (1959), 24, 997-9
CODEN: JOCEAN: ISSN: 0022-3263
DOCUMENT GOUNCE(S): CASPRACT 54:118339
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
AB cf. CA 54, 5675s. The title compds., N: CR.N:C(NH2).C:C.N:CR'.CR':N(I),
were prepared by heating amidine salts of (NC) 2C:NOH (II) in HOCH2CH2OH,
diluting the isomerized pyrimidine solution with H2O, adding Na25204.2H2O
(III)

and finally treating with an α-diketone. II K salt (1.0 g.) and 1.1 g. guanidine carbonate (IV) in 10 ml. HOCHZCHZOH warmed gently 3 mln. as the deep red solution diluted with 10 ml. HZO, 0.6 g. III added and the

mixture
heated 20 min. on a steam bath, the clear yellow solution acidified to pH 6
with HCl and warmed 15 min. on a steam bath with 1 ml. Ac2, diluted with 20
ml. alc., and the chilled solution filtered yielded 75% authentic I (R =

R' = Me) (V). II K salt (1.5 g.), 1.5 g. IV, and 12 ml. HOCH2CH2OH heated 3 min. and reduced with 1.0 g. III, the alkaline solution refluxed 1 hr. with 10

nl. Excome in 5 ml. alc., and the filtered solution chilled yielded 29% I (R = NH2, R' = Ph) (VI). II K salt (3 g.) and 3.3 g. IV in 20 ml. hot HOCHZCHZOH reduced with 1.8 g. III and the pale yellow solution adjusted to pH 3 with HCI, stirred 40 min. at 110° with 7.5 g. 91yoxal bisulfite in 50 ml. H2O and the mixture kept overnight at room temperature, acidified with AcOH, and the separated product (3.55 g.) sublimed at 2007/0.05 mm. gave authentic I (R = NH2, R = H) (VII). II K salt (2.0 g.) and 2.2 g. IV isomerized and reduced, the solution diluted with 20

(2.0 g.) and 2.2 g. IV isomerized and reduced, the solution diluted with 20 ml.

N HCl and treated with 2.0 g. alloxan, the purple mixture shaken with gradual separation of an orange solid and adjusted to pH 9 with KOH, the slkaline
solution heated 10 min. at 110° and reacidified to pH 6 with HCl, refrigerated, and filtered gave 76% orange 2.4-diamino-5.7dihydroxpytrimido(5.4-g) pleridine (WIII). m. above 350°. II
benzamidine salt (2.0 g.) and 10 ml. 2-picoline heated 30 min. at
135° and the mixture diluted with 20 al. HZO, the blue-green suspension
evaporated in vacuo and the residue heated to 90-100° in 25 ml. HZO, treated portionwise with 1.6 g. III and the yellow solution stirred 20 min., refluxed 2 hrs. with 2 g. Bz2 in 30 ml. 1:1 EtCOMe-alc., and the cooled
mixture filtered gave 1.5 g. 4-amino-2.6, 7-triphenylpteridine (IX), m.
255°, A 290, 377 mm (log = 4.53, 4.23, alc.).
Paper chromatographic analysis in a series of systems by the descending method at 22° gave fluorescent spots (pteridine, Rf with 41 Na
citrate, 3% NHMC1, 2:1 5% BUOH-ACOH, and 2:1 PrOH-1% NHMOH given; V,
0.25°, 0.54°, 0.43, 0.65° VI, 0.08°, 0.17°, 0.73°, 0.88° VII, 0.27°, 0.54°, 0.29°,
0.51° VIII, 0.23, 0, 0, 0, 0; IX, 0, -, 0.88°, 1. Except as indicated, I

L8 ANSWER 17 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1959:40178 CAPLUS
OCCUMENT NUMBER: 53:40178 CAPLUS
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 53:72611,7262a-b
EITILE: Effect of 4-amino folic antagonists on biological acetylations
AUTHOR(S): Johnson, Willard J., Corte, George, Jasmin, Roland
CORPORATE SOURCE: F. W. Horner Labs., Montreal, Can.
Proceedings of the Society for Experimental Biology and Medicine (1958), 99, 677-80
CODEN: PSEBRAI ISSN: 0037-9727
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
AB cf. C.A. 50, 15662f. Acetylation of sulfanilamide and of isoniazid in pigeon-liver exts. was markedly inhibited (noncompetitively) by 4-amino analogs of folic acid. Amethopterin (10-5M) and aminopterin (5 + 10-5M) inhibited acetylation about 601. Folic acid (10-3M) was not inhibitory, and failed to reverse the inhibition by Amethopterin.
2,4-Diamino-6,7-diphenylpteridine (10-3M) gave 51 inhibition and 2,4-diaminopteridine (10-3M) was inactive. Amethopterin, administered to rabbits cojointly with sulfanilamide, resulted in a marked increase in plasma level of free sulfanilamide, resulted in a marked increase in plasma level of free sulfanilamide with concomitant decrease in acetylsulfanilamide. The possible significance of these results with regard to combination chemotherapy of cancer is discussed.

IT 18101-93-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl(acetylation inhibition in liver by)

RN 18181-93-6 CAPLUS
CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl(SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 16 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) prepd. by this one-step method were chromatographically pure. 1818-19-3-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl-(preparation of) 18181-9-3-6 CAPLUS 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ΙŢ

L8 ANSWER 18 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1956:52652 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 05:52652
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO: 50:20562
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO: 50:20562
TITLE: Route to 4-aminopteridines
AUTHON(S): Taylor, E. C., Jr., Paudler, W. W.
Princeton, NJ
Chemistry & Industry (London, United Kingdom) (1955)
1061-2
CODEN: CHINAG, ISSN: 0009-3068
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal lable
CASREACH SOURCE(S): CAPLUS (II) (Jones, C.A. 43, 3009h) gave 994
yield 2-chloro-3-cyano-5,6-diphenylpyrazinemide (III) (Jones, C.A. 43, 3009h) gave 994
yield 2-chloro-3-cyano-5,6-diphenylpyrazine (III) when heated in a sealed
tube with FC13. III was also obtained in 804 yield by heating e mixture of
II, POC13, and PC15. Fusion of III with guanidine carbonate, urea, or
thiourea gave 65, 59, and 514 2-amino, 2-hydroxy, and 2-mercapto derivs.
of I, resp. III with NZH4.HZO gave 2-chloro-5,6-diphenylpyrazinoic acid
hydrazide, or when repeated in the presence of KI gave
3-amino-5,6-diphenyl-1-pyrazolo(b)pyrazine. III gave 2-amino-5,6diphenylpyrazinamide when treated with NH4ON and KI, or
2-amino-3-cyano-5,6-diphenylpyrazine when fused with NH4OAc.
I 1818-39-6, PEFIGINE, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl(preparation of)
N 18181-39-6 CAPLUS

(preparation of)
18181-93-6 CAPLUS
2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 22 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) Phenol, 4,4'-(2,4-diamino-6,7-pteridinediyl)bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

18181-93-6 CAPLUS
2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

151648-52-1 CAPLUS
2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-bis(4-aminophenyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

804555-05-3 CAPLUS Acetanilide, 4'-[7-(p-acetamidophenyl)-2,4-diamino-6-pteridyl]- (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 22 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

857398-11-9 CAPLUS Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis[m-nitrophenyl]- (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 22 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

855404-13-6 CAPLUS INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

857397-78-5 CAPLUS
Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-7-(p-nitrophenyl)-6-phenyl- (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

857397-80-9 CAPLUS Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6-(p-nitrophenyl)-7-phenyl- (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

857398-09-5 CAPLUS Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis[p-nitrophenyl]- (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 23 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1955:17275 CAPLUS 49:11275
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 49:11275
A9:11275 CAPLUS 49:11275
A9:11275 CAPLUS 49:11275
A9:11275 CAPLUS 50:10216
A9:11275 CAPLUS 50:1021

SOURCE:

Nature (London, United Kingdom) (1954), 1/4, 100-1
CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Unavailable

AB The antifolinic acid activity of amethopterin (I) may be related to its antileukemia action. Some 2,4-diaminopteridines (II), known to be antagonistic to pteroylgiutamic acid, were tested for antileukemia activity. Inhibition of acid production of Leuconostoc citrovorum was the measure used. Potency of II as folinic acid antagonists depended on the 6,7-substituents of the pteridine ring. In the 6,7-dislkyl series, peak activity was obtained with 6,7-di-sec-butyl-(III) and 6,7-disporpoyl-2,4-diaminopteridine (IV). In the 6,7-indolo series, peak activity was obtained with 6,7-di-sec-butyl-(III) and 6,7-disporpoyl-2,4-diaminopteridine in the 6,7-(CH3)2 and 6,7-(Ph)2 compds. and the unsubstituted compound was inactive. Omission of one amino group in II reduced activity, Members of I were antimalarial, but this activity could not be correlated with antifolinic activity. The inhibition factors of I, II, and III at 5 mg/ml. levels of folinic acid were very close.

In 18181-93-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl(as folinic acid antagonist)

RN 18181-93-6 CAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 19 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1955:84700 CAPLUS
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO: 49:160141,16015a-b
SYNTHAMS: Occupants on the biosynthesis of DNA
(deoxyribonucleic acid)
AUTHOR(5): Bardos, Thomas J., Levin, Georgia M., Herr, Ross R.,
Gordon, Harry L.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Armour Labs., Chicago
Journal of the American Chemical Society (1955), 77,
4279-86
CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
AB cf. ibid. 960-3. The patterns of DNA biosynthesis were studied in
Lactobacillus leichmannii and L. plantarum. The modes of action of
various metabolic antagonists, particularly 5-bromouracil and its
nucleosides, are discussed. The systems described are used to study the
biol. action of 3 new thymine antagonists: 5-arcaptouracil, 5-uracilyl
disulfide, and uracil-5-isothiouronium chloride. Deoxyuridina (2.28 g.)
in 50 cc. water treated with saturated Br water, the solution serated,
lyophilized, the residue in 250 cc. absolute EtOH refluxed 15 min., and
concentrated
in vacuo to 30 cc. yielded 0.82 g. 5-bromodeoxyuridine, m. 181-3\*.

IT 18161-93-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl(effect on deoxyribonucleic acid formation in Lactobacillus)
RN 18181-93-6 CAPLUS
CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 21 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1955:29379 CAPLUS
OCCUMENT NUMBER: 49:29379
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 49:56781,5679a-b
TITLE: Action of 2.4-diamino-6.7-diisopropylpteridine upon
Plasmodium gallinaceum and its relation to other
compounds which are pteroylglutamic acid antagonists
Bishop, Ann
CORPORATE SOURCE: Bishop, Ann
Univ. Cambridge, UK
Parasitology (1954), 44, 450-64
CODEN: PARARE; ISSN: 0031-1820
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
AB Two strains of P. gallinaceum were made resistant to 2,4-diamino-6,7diisopropylpteridine (1) by passing the parasite through chicks which had
been treated with the drug. Passages at 2-4-day intervals maintained a
state of acute infection, and large nos. of the parasites were exposed to
the drug. Dosages were kept slightly below the maximum tolerated by the
parasite. Strains resistant to I were resistant to proguani (II),
pyrimethanine (III), 2,4-diamino-5-(7-diphenylpteridine (IV),
2,4-diamino-5-(p-chlorophenoxy)-6-methylpyrimidine, but not to
sulfadiazine (V). In one strain, development of resistance to II was
developed at a faster rate than resistance to II, and resistance to II vas
resistant to I, II, and III, but not to V. The action of I and II was not
antagonized by p-aminobenoic acid, though in the min. effective dose
their action was antagonized by relatively large doses of pteroylglutamic
acid but only by pteroylglutamic acid when the V was given in small doses.

1 16181-93-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl(effect on Plasmodium gallinaceum)

N 18181-93-6 CAPIUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 20 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1955:44060 CAPLUS
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO: 49:8484a-c
Pitle: Phenolic compounds as chemotherapeutic agents against poliosypelitis virus in tissue culture
AUTHOR(5): Kramer, Patricia Elly; Robbins, Mary Louise; Smith, Paul K.
CORPORATE SOURCE: George Washington Univ., Washington, DC, USA
Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics (1955), 113, 262-71
CODEN: JETAB, ISSN: 0022-3565
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Unavailable
AB Tests were made on 135 phenolic compds. and 20 nonphenolic benzeme derivs.
Only 19 compds, were found to inhibit proliferation of type 2
poliomyelitis virus, Y-SK strain, in roller cultures of monkey testicular tissue inoculated at the same time with drug and virus. Fifteen (all diphenols or aminophenols) were capable of inhibiting virus-induced degeneration of the fibroblasts over a wide range of concentration, independent

degeneration of the fibroblasts over a wide range of consequence.

independent
of whether the virus was inoculated 24 h. before or after treatment with
the drug. Twenty-six compds. naturally occurring in tissues were tested
for ability to reverse the inhibitory action of the drugs. Glutathione
reversed the action of 12. Serine, threonine, and hydroxyproline
frequently inhibited the action of one or more of the drugs.

IT 6867-77-7, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis[p-hydroxyphenyl](effect on poliomyelitis virus in tissue culture)

RN 6967-77-7 CAPLUS
CN Phenol, 4,4'-{2,4-diamino-6,7-pteridinediyl}bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 22 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1955:20270 CAPLUS
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 49:40307-1,4031a
Z1TLE: 2,4-Diaminopteridine and derivatives
INVENTOR(s): Cornelius K.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(s): Cornelius K.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(s): PATENT ASSIGNEE(s): Patent
LANGUAGE: PATENT ASSIGNEE(s): Disvaliable
PANILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. US 2667486 19540126 US 1951-228139 19510524
A new series of antibacterial compds., 2,4-diaminopteridine, also called 2,4-diaminopyrimido(4,5-b)pyrazine, and its substitution products, are prepared from 2,4,5,6-tetrasminopyrimidine (1) or its salts with 1,2-dicarbonyl compds., 1,2-dicarboxylic acids, or with α-carbonyl acids or their derivatives such as esters, etc., in aqueous, nonaq., or

d solns. of acidic, neutral, or basic reaction. On the pyrimidine ring are located 2 amino groups, at the 2- and the 4-position, making this new synthetic pterin to be the first to have a 2,4-diamino structure, unlike folic acid. Thus, 2,4-diaminopteridine was prepared by adding 2 g. I sulfate in 70 cc. bot H2O, to 3.5 g. of glyoxal bisulfite in 30 cc. of hot water, boiling the clear yellow mixture 15 min. treating with C, allowing to cool slowly, filtering off the light yellow microcryst. precipitate, ind

vater, Bolling the Clear yellow mixture is min., treating with C. including to cool slowly, filtering off the light yellow microcryst. precipitate, hing with water and Me2CO, drying in vacuo, and purifying by recrystn. from H2O or by sublination at 180'/1 mm. Other compds. prepared are 2,4-diamino-7-methylpteridine; 2,4-diamino-7-methylpteridine; 2,4-diamino-7-methylpteridine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysypteridine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysypteridine; 2,4-diamino-6,8-dihydroxydipyrimido[4,5-b]pyrazine; 2,4-diamino-6,8-dihydroxydipyrimido[4,5-b]pyrazine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysypteridine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysypteridine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysypteridine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysypteridine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysypteridine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysypteridine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysine; 2,4-diaminophylpteridine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysine; 2,4-diaminophylpteridine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysine; 2,4-diaminophylpteridine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysine; 2,4-diaminophylpteridine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysine; 2,4-diaminophylpteridine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysine; 2,4-diaminophylpteridine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-dibylorysine; 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphonyl-18181-93-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphonyl-18181-93-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphonyl-2,4-diamino-6,7-diphonyl-2,4-diamino-6,7-bis[o-hydroxyphenyl]-855404-13-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphonyl-2,4-diamino-6,7-bis[o-hydroxyphenyl]-85404-13-diamino-6,7-bis[o-hydroxyphenyl]-85404-13-diamino-6,7-diphonyl-85404-13-diamino-6,7-bis[o-hydroxyphenyl]-85404-13-diamino-6,7-bis[o-hydroxyphenyl]-85404-13-diamino-6,7-bis[o-hydroxyphenyl]-85404-13-diamino-6,7-bis[o-hydroxyphenyl]-85404-13-diamino-6,7-bis[o-hydroxyphenyl]-85404-13-diamino-6,7-bis[o-hydroxyphenyl]-85404-13-diamino-6,7-bis[o-hydroxyphenyl]-85404-13-diamino-6,7-bis[o-hydroxyphenyl]-85404-13-diamino-6,7-bis[o-hydroxyphenyl]-85404-13-diamino-6,7-bis[o-hydroxyphenyl]-85404-13-diamino-6,

(preparation of) 6967-77-7 CAPLUS

L8 ANSWER 24 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1954:3619 CAPLUS
ORIGINAL REFERENCE No.: 48:689a-g
TITLE: Peridines. VII. The synthesis of 2alkylaminopteridines
AUTHOR(S): Taylor, E. C., Jr.; Caine, C. K.
Univ. of Illinois, Urbana
SOURCE: June 1644-7
CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
DOCUMENT TYPE: 0002-7863
Journal of the American Chemical Society (1952), 74,
1644-7
CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863 DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

LANGUAGE:

Journal

B cf. C.A. 47, 137h. The synthesis of several 4-amino-2alkylaminopteridines is described. The ultraviolet absorption spectra are
reported, and the effects of alkyl substitution in the 2-NH2 group of a
2,4-diaminopteridine on the spectra and phys. properties of the compound are
given. Replaceant of the H atoms of the 2-NH2 group of
2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenylpteridine (I) by alkyl groups reduces the
antifolic activity. 4,6-Diamino-2-mercaptopyrindidine (30 g.), 36 g. MeI,
and 150 cc. absolute ELON refluxed 1 hr., the solution filtered with C, the
filtrate evaporated to dryness in vacuo, the residue in 100 cc. hot water
adjusted to pH 9 with NH40M, the solid in 200 cc. Me2CO heated to boiling,
filtered, the Me2CO removed in vacuo, and the residue dissolved in 200 cc.
boiling water and cooled rapidly yielded 27.5 g. 4,6-diamino-2methylmercaptopyrimidine (II), m. 188-9\*. The 5-nitroso derivative of
II (10 g.) in 180 cc. boiling water treated portionwise with 27.1 g. Na
dithionite, the solution filtered with C, the filtrate treated with 50 cc.
500 H2SO4 and cooled to 0' yielded 9.38 g. 4.5,6-triamino-2mercaptopyrimidine sulfate (IIIA) (1.0 g.) in 125 cc. boiling water
adjusted to pH 7 with dilute NaOH, the solution treated with 0.5 g. Ac2 in 5
cc. EtOH and the mixture cooled to 0' yielded 0.755 g.
4-amino-2-mercapto-6,7-dimethylpteridine (IV), decompose above 280'.
III yielded 598 4-amino-2-mercapto-6,7-dimethylpteridine (IV), decompose above 280'.
III yielded 598 4-amino-2-mercapto-6,7-dimethylpteridine (IV), of the one of the pH 9
treated with AcOH yielded 1.09 g. 4-amino-2-mercapto-6,7-dimethylpteridine (V), decompose above 280'. August August Acometed (1.09 g. 4-amino-2-mercapto-6,7-diphenylpteridine (VI), m. 283°. III and benzil yielded (74 4-amino-2-methylmercapto-6,7-diphenylpteridine (VII), m. 252.5-53°. VII (0.15 g.) in 50 cc. absolute EcOH and 0.10 g. MeI refluxed 30 min., the solution evaporated nearly to dryness in vacuo, the residue in 40 cc. 0.1N v evaporated to dryness, the residue in 50 cc. boiling EtOH treated with C and the filtrate diluted with 50 cc. water yielded 0.110 g. VII, m. 252.5-53. Approx. 0.20 g. pteridine, 1.0 g. maine, and 50 cc. absolute EtOH heated 10 hrs. at 180° yielded the following alkylpteridines (pteridine, amine, product, % yield, and m.p. given): IV, NH3, I, 78, 200-3° (uncor.); V, NH3, I, 79, -VI, MeNHZ, 4-amino-2-methylamino-6,7-diphenylpteridine (VIII), 97, 264-5°; VII, MeNHZ, VIII, 68, -V VI, MeNHZ, 4-amino-2-dimethylamino-6,7-diphenylpteridine (IX), 93, decompose above 260°; V, MeNH, X, 53, -. VI (1.0 g.), 15 cc. piperidine, L8 ANSWER 25 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1952:60851 CAPLUS
ORIGINAL REFREENCE NO.: 46:60851
TITLE: Improvements in the preparation of sulfonyl derivatives of piperazine
PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): Societe des usines chimiques de Rhone-Poulenc Poulent TYPE: LANGUAGE: Unavailable
PAMENT ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

L8 ANSWER 24 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) and 10 cc. HCONMe2 refluxed 12 hrs., the soln. distd. in vacuo, the residue poured into 100 cc. water, and the oil in a few cc. Me2CO poured into 50 cc. ice water yielded 0.75 g. 4-amino-2-piperidino-6,7-diphenylpteridine m. 209°. VI (0.70 g.) and 10 cc. morpholine refluxed 10 hrs., the mixt. dild. with water, let stand overnight at 2°, filtered, the product in Me2CO treated with C and the filtrate evapd. to dryness yielded 0.37 g. the 2-norpholine enalog, m. 231-2'.

II 1818-183-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl-(alkyl derivs.)

RN 1818-19-3-6 CAPLUS
CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Societe des usines chimiques de Rhone-Poulenc

PATENT TYPE:

Patent
Unavailable

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

DATE

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

GB 661537

19511121

GB

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AP Piperazine derivs. of the general formula RN (CH2.CH2) 2NSO2 (CH2) nSO2N (CH2.C

H2) 2NR (1) are prepared by treating XO25 (CH2) nSO2N (II) with a N-substituted piperazine. A II (X = Cl. n = 5) (8.5 g.) in 400 ml. Et20 is added drop by drop over a period of 0.5 hrs. with agitation to 12.35 g.

MeN (CH2.CH2) 2NH in 40 ml. ice-cooled anhydrous Et20, agitation is continued 3

hrs. at room temperature, the precipitate centrifuged and washed with Et20, the I (n = 5, R = Me) so obtained, purified by extraction with Et20 in a Soxhlet apparatus and recrystn. from Et0Ac, m. 102-3\*. The following compds. I were prepared in a similar manner (n, R, and n, p. given): 3, Et, 97-98\*, 4, Et, 171\*, 5, Et, 110-11\*, 6, Et, 147\*. The disulfonyl halides (11) may be prepared by treating Br(CH2) nBr with NH2CSNH2, which gives the thiocarbanido derivative, (IBF.NH; NH3CS(CH2) acSC(NH2); NH,HBr (III). This latter product with KOAc gives the corresponding diacetate (IV). II is formed by treating IV in water with a halogen. The III so prepared are (n and m.p. given): 5, 100\*, 3, 24\*, 6\*, 4, 205\*, 4, 215\*, 6, 205\*. IV: 3, 194-6\*, 4, 205\*, 11\*, 6, 165\*, 70\*, II: 5, 64\*, 3, 46\*, 4, 82-4\*, 6, 86\*. These compds. are effective in the treatment of states of traumatic or hemorrhagic shock.

11 1815-193-6, Petridinei, 2,4-dianino-6,7-diphenyl(preparation of)

RN 1819-93-6 CAPLUS

L9 ANSWER 26 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1952:60850 CAPLUS
OCCUMENT NUMBER: 46:60850
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 46:10212d
TITLE: PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Timmis, Geoffrey M.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Patent
LOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
FAMILY ACC. NUM. CCUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
COE 674847 19520702 GB
AB See U.S. 2,591,889 (C.A. 46,7594g).

AB See U.S. 2,591,889 (C.A. 46,7594g).

TI 18181-93-6 CAPLUS
CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl(preparation of)
RN 18181-93-6 CAPLUS
CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl(CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl(CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl(CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl(CX INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSVER 27 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1552:57451 CAPLUS
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 46:57451
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 46:9623d-i
TITLES: 50 EN CONTROL OF ABOUT 11 OF ABOUT

PATENT NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
US 2584538 19520205 US 1948-35069 19480624
Compds. Useful as intermediates in the preparation of pteroylglutamic acid

compos. Useful as intermediates in the preparation of pteroylglutamic acid and related compos. are prepared as 2-Amino-4-hydroxy-6-methylpteridine (II) 12 g., 46% HBr 400, and Br 12 cc. are heated overnight on a steam bath, the mixture chilled overnight, and the crystals isolated mechanically and crystallized from 48% HBr by a current of air-Br, and then from hot AcOH taining 1-5% HBr, to give 2-amino-4-hydroxy-6-(dibromomethyl)pteridine-HBr (III). II 50 g., Br 50, and 48% HBr 1500 cc. are heated 20 hrs. on a steam bath, and the solution concentrated to 500 cc., chilled at -5° overnight, filtered, concentrated to 350 cc., and cooled to give 38 g. III. The final filtrate is evaporated to dryness, and the residue suspended in 1 h. 120, shaken, collected, and vashed with H20, alc., and Et20 to give 6-(bromomethyl)pteridine, which with N-(p-aninobenzoyl)glutamic acid gives 9-27% 1. II 20 g., 48% HBr 11., and Br 12 cc. are refluxed 1 hr., the solution concentrated to 500 cc., treated with 21 g. C, filtered, added to 1.

cold H2O, and neutralized to pH 3-5 with NaOAc to give 24 g. III (free basse). Br 50 g. in 48% HBr 300 cc. is added dropwise with stirring to 2-amino-4-hydroxy-7-methylpteridine (IV) 50 g. in 48% HBr 3 l., and the mixture heated 20 min. to give 2-amino-4-hydroxy-7-(bromomethyl)-pteridine. Br 40 cc. is added to IV 40 g. in 48% HBr 1200 cc. at 70-95\*, and the solution heated 2 hrs. on the steam bath to give 47.7 g. 2-amino-4-hydroxy-7-(dibromomethyl)-pteridine (V). IV 2 g., 48% HBr 40 cc., and Br 4 g. are heated 45 min. just under reflux temperature, the tion solution

freed of excess Br, cooled, and the precipitate suspended in H2O containing

ral
drops of pyridine to give 2.3 g. V. Br 1.34 cc. in 48% HBr 10 cc. added
to 2-amino-4-hydroxy-6,7-dimethylpteridine 5 g. at 95° gives 3.5 g.
2-amino-4-hydroxy-6-methyl-7-(bromomethyl)-pteridine. BRCH2CO)2 1.22 g.
in alc. 10 cc. added to 2.4,5-triamino-6-hydroxypyrimidine-2RC1 in 2.5 N
HBr 25 cc. gives 0.9 g. of a substance of the same composition as
6,7-dibromodimethylpterin (VI). H20 is added to VI 15 g. in 48% HBr 210
cc. to give 750 cc. of solution, KI 7.13 g. in H20 25 cc. is added during 1
hr. at 55° and the solution held 1 hr. at 55°, cooled to
15°, treated with NaHSO3 until the dark color is discharged,
filtered, and neutralized to pH 1 with saturated NaOAc solution to give
q.

12.1 g.
2-amino-4-hydroxy-6-bromomethyl-7-methylpteridine. Br 250 mg. is added to
2-amino-4-hydroxy-6-methylpteridine 200 mg. in (HOCH2)2 7.5 cc. and 48%

L8 ANSWER 28 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1952:57450 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 66:57450 CAPLUS
AC:S7450 CAPLUS
AC:S7

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

GB 656769

GB 656769

AB Compds. which have antibacterial properties, especially against Vibrio cholerae, are prepared as follows. A mixture of (EtCO) 2 1,2,4,5,6-tetraminopyrimidine acetate (1) 1 mol., and 60% AcOH 2.5 1. are refluxed 2 hrs., cooled, poured into 20 1. H2O, and adjusted to pH 6 to give 6,7-disethyl-2,4-disaminopteridine (II), m. 280° (from EtOH). Similarly prepared are the following analogs of II: 6,7-di-iso-Pr, m. 246° and titure of 7,6- and 6,7-Et(p-MecCGH4), m. 228°, a mixture of 7,6- and 6,7-iso-Pr(p-NeCGCH4), m. 220°, 6,7-di-Pr, m. 200°, 6,7-di-se-Bu, m. 210°, a mixture of 7,6- and 6,7-iso-Pr(p-NeCGCH4), m. 200°, 6,7-di-Pr, m. 280°, and a mixture of 7,6- and 6,7-iso-Pr, h. 242°. A mixture of 1.H2SO3 4, anisil 5 g., HeCORt 40, H2O 80, EtOH 40, and HCl 2.4 cc. is refluxed 10 hrs., filtered, neutralized with NaOH solution, and cooled

to give the 6,7-(p-HeOC6H4)2 analog of II, m. 281\* (from pyridine). The same compound prepared similarly to II m. 288\*. 694514-86-8, Pterfdine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis(p-methoxyphenyl)-

(preparation of)
694514-86-8 CAPLUS
Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis(p-methoxyphenyl)- (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 27 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)
HBF 0.5 cc. at 50°, the soln. heated 45 min. at 50-70°,
mixed with (HOCH2) 2 7.5 cc. contg. N-(p-aminobenzoyl) glutamic acid 0.5 g.,
buffered at pH 4 with 1 g. KOAc, and heated overnight at 100° to
give 0.2 g. of material contg. 8.29% I. Cf. C.A. 46, 3052d.
694514-86-8, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis(p-methoxyphenyl) (preparation of)
694514-86-8 CAPLUS
Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis(p-methoxyphenyl) - (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME) IT

L8 ANSWER 29 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1952:45488 CAPLUS
OCIGINAL REFREENCE NO.: 46:45488
46:45488
46:45488
46:45489
TITLE: 757440-7,7595a
TITLE: 757440-7,7595a
Timing: 7595a
Timing: 7595a
Timing: 7690ffrey M.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Burroughs Wellcome and Co. (U.S.A.) Inc.
POCUMENT TYPE: Unavailable
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. MIND DATE 19520108 APPLICATION NO. DATE US 2581889 19520108 US 1949-103319 19490' Nitrosoaminopyrimidines in acidic media with a ketone containing an 19490706

AB Nitrososaniopy:micunes in activated

-CH2- group yield pyrimidopyrazines whose structures are unequivocally knows. E.g., 2 g. 5-nitroso-2,4,6-triaminopyrimidine, 4 g. PhCH2COPh (I), 60 cc. glacial HOAc, and 1 drop concentrated HCl are heated 9 hrs. at 150-60°, cooled, the yellow solid filtered, the filtrate diluted with 250 cc. HZO and 20 cc. 2 N HCl, shaken twice with 50 cc. Et2O, then with 50 cc. light petr. ether to remove unchanged I, the solution made alkaline with

with

concentrated NH4CH, and the precipitate filtered, washed with H2O and MeOH,
and dried,
yielding 1.1 g. 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenylpyrimindo-[4,5-b] pyrazine (C.A.
numbering throughout), m. 282' (from 508 HCOZH). Similarly prepared
are 2,4-diamino-6H-indolo[2,3-g]pteridine, does not m. under 150',
2,4-diamino-6H-indolo[2,3-g]pteridine, does not m. under 150',
2,4-diaminopyrimido[4,5-b]pyrazine, m. 332', 2,4-diamino-6-methyl-7phenylpyrimido[4,5-b]pyrazine, m. 332', 2,4-diamino-6-methyl-7phenylpyrimido[4,5-b]pyrazine, 2,4-did-10 dipyrimido[4,5-b,5',4'-e]
pyrazine-2,4,6,8-tetrol, does not m. below 350', 8-aminodipyrimido
[4,5-b, 5', 4'-e] pyrazine-2,4,6-trol, does not m. below 350',
1,3,7,9-tetramethyldipyrimido[4,5-b,5',4'-e]-pyrazine-2,4,6,8(1H,3H,7H,9H)tetrone, m. 403'. These compds. are useful therapeutic agents.

IT 18181-93-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl(preparation of)

RN 18181-93-6 CAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 30 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1952:36322 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 46:36322
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO: 46:6197a-d
TITLE: The activities of some 2,4-diaminopteridines and sulfathiazole against Streptococcus faecalis and Staphylococcus aureus
AUTHOR(S): Collier, H. O. J. J. Waterhouse, Pamela D.
AUTHOR(S): Allen & Hamburys Ltd., Ware, UK
British Journal of Pharmacology and Chemotherapy (1952), 7, 161-9
CODEN: BJPCAL, ISSN: 0366-0826
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
AB cf. C.A. 45, 5815i. In vitro tests were made with 6,7-disubstituted 2,4-disaminopteridines as growth inhibitors against 4 strains of S. faecalis. The greatest activity was shown by diskyl derivs. with straight or branched chains containing 3-6 C, the diberry! (1) derivative, and

straight or branched chains containing 3-6 C, the dibenzyl (1) derivative,

1'-methyl-indolo-(2',3',6,7)-2,4-diaminopteridine. Highest activity was
shown sasinst strains requiring preformed pteroylglutamic acid (II).

Sulfathiazole (III) potentiated the inhibitory effect of I against strains
of S. faecalis not requiring II. The presence of 58 urine or oxelated
horse blood did not appreciably antagonize the inhibitory effect of I.

Against S. aureus, I. bis(cyclohexylpatchyl), and normal dialkyl compdo.

were most active. In the dialkyl series peak activity occurred in the
dibutyl and diamyl derive. The toxicity of I was similar to that of III.
I phosphate prolonged the lives of mice infected with S. aureus. It also
acted synergistically with III both in vitro and in vivo in protecting
mice against infections of S. aureus.

18181-93-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl(antibacterial action of)

18181-93-6 CAPLUS

2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

694514-86-8 CAPLUS
Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis(p-methoxyphenyl)- (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 31 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1952:27482 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 46:27482
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 46:4675b-e

46:4675b-e
2, 4-Diaminopyrimidines. A new series of antimalarials
Falco, E. A.; Goodwin, L. G.; Hitchings, G. H.; Rollo,
I. M.; Russell, P. B.
Wellcome Research Labs., Tuckahoe, NY
British Journal of Pharmacology and Chemotherapy
(1951), 6, 185-200
CODEN: BJFCAL; ISSN: 0366-0826
Journal AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

(1951), 6, 185-200

CODEN: BAPCAL: ISSN: 0366-0826

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L8 ANSWER 30 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

857228-94-5 CAPLUS
Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis(o-methoxyphenyl)- (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 32 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1952:17637 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 46:17637
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO: 66:3059g-1,3060a-h
ATITLE: Analogs of pteroylglutamic acid. VII. 2-Alkylamino
derivatives
AUTHOR(S): Roth, Barbara, Smith, James M., Jr., Hultquist, Martin

AUTHOR(S):

Roth, Barbaras Smith, James M., Jr., Hultquist, Martin E.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Am. Cyanamid Co., Bound Brook, NJ
Journal of the American Chemical Society (1951), 73, 2864-8

CODEN: JACSAT, ISSN: 0002-7863

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

NOWNE (22.7 g.) in 60 cc. MeOH added to 25.8 g.

MeZNC(:NH)NH2 in 50 cc. dry MeoN, 20.7 g. NCCH2COZMe added to the refluxing mixture during 10 min., and the mixture refluxed 3 hrs., filtered, and neutralized with HCl yielded 26.0 g. 2-dimethylamino-4-hydrowy-6-aminopyrimidine (1), n. 290.5-2.5 (from water), Il (2 g.) in 20

cc. water warmed and acidified, the HI adjusted to 4 with NaOAc, then 0.74 g. NaNO2 in 2 cc. water added slowly at 80°, yielded the 5-nitroso derivative (II) of I. m. 259° (decomposition). NaSS2O4 (ID g.) (ITA) added at 50° to 5 g. II in 30 cc. water acidified with HCl, then warmed in yielded 3.5 g. 2-dimethylamino-4-hydroxy-5,6-diaminopyrimidine sulfite (III). III (20 g.) in 330 cc. water acidified with HCl, then warmed in vacuo 10.7 g. N. (p-aminobenzyl) glutamic acid (IV) added, the pH adjusted to 3.0 with NaOH, 3.98 g. NaSCr2O7 in 23 cc. water and 17.3 g.

CHZPCCHBCCHO (V) in 16 cc. AcCH added dropwise and simultaneously during 20 min. to the mixture at 45° (pH maintained at 3), and the mixture after 20 min. at 45° cooled to 10° yielded 21.3 g. assaying 2.48 N. (p- [(2-dimethylamino-4-hydroxy-6-pteridylmethyl) amino] benzoyl-glutamic acid (VI). Purification by solution and precipitation yielded VI, assaying 85.18. Ac2 (1 g.) and 2.9 g. III in 30 cc. water heated 45 min.

led VI,
assaying 85.18. Ac2 (1 g.) and 2.9 g. III in 30 cc. water heated 45 min.
at 85', cooled, and neutralized with NH4OH yielded
2-dimethylptamino-4-hydroxy-6,7-dimethylpteridine, m. 283-8' (from
alc.) (decomposition). NH2C(:NH)NHCN (VIA) (50 g.) and 100 g. MeZNH,HCl

2-dimethylamino-4-hydroxy-6,7-dimethylpteridine, m. 283-8" [from alc.) (decomposition). NHZC(:NH)NHCN (VIA) (50 g.) and 100 g. MeZNH.HCl heated

3 hrs. at 180°, the mixture poured into 600 cc. absolute RtOH, the solution cooled to 10°, filtered, 58.5 g. NaOMe added, then 66.7 g. CH2(CN)2 dropwise during 20 min. to the refluxing mixture, and the mixture refluxed 2 hrs., cooled, filtered, and the product washed with ice water yielded 61 g. 2-dimethylamino-4,6-diaminopyrindine (VII), m. 259-60° (from dilute alc.). H2504 (5 N) added to 10 g. VII in 200 cc. water to obtain solution, the pH adjusted to about 4 with NaOAc, and 258 NaNO2 added to the solution, the pH adjusted to about 4 with NaOAc, and 258 NaNO2 added to the solution at 85° to a permanent starch-KI test yielded 11.2 g. 2-dimethylamino-4,6-diamino-5-nitrosopyrindidine (VIII). VIII (42.9 g.) in 550 cc. water adjusted to pH 2.5 with 5 N HCl, 130 g. 11A added slowly at 60°, and the mixture heated to 70°, then scidified to approx. pH 2 with dilute H2504, yielded 56 g. 2-dimethylamino-4,5-f. BaCl2.2H2O in 330 cc. water warmed 10 min. to 60°, cooled to 45°, then treated with 1V and V as for VI yielded N-(p-((2-dimethylamino-4-amino-6-pteridylaethyl) sain(o)bensoyligituden caid (X). VIII (5 g.) and 4.59 g. BaCl2 in 50 cc. water heated on the steam bath 10 min., filtered hot, and 1.62 g. Ac2 added yielded 2-dimethylamino-4-ando-6,7-dimethylpteridine-HCl, bright yellow crystals from dilute alc. MeNHZ-HCl (1 kg.) and 620 g. VIA heated 3 hrs. at 180°, the melt cooled to 100°, poured into 6 1. absolute EtOH, 1.440 g. NaOMe added to the filtrate, then 1,280 g. NCCH2CO2Et during 30 min., and the mixture refluxed 4 hrs. yielded 550 g.

ANSWER 32 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)
3-mathyl-2,6-diamino-4(3M)-pyrimidone (XI), m. 265-72' (depending on the rate of heating): the cooled filtrate yielded 20 g. addnl. material: the filtrate cond. to 2 l. yielded 442 g. 2-mathylamino-4-hydroxy-6-aminopyrimidine (XII), m. 227-9' (from alc. and water).
2-Mathylamrcapto-4-hydroxy-6-aminopyrimidine (Johns and Baumann, C.A. 7, 2238) (10 g.) and 40 cc. 254 MeHHZ heated 5 hrs. at 120' yielded e white cryst. product, m. 245-7.5' nitroso deriv., CGH9N502. XII (9 g.) nitrosated yielded 9.5, orange ppt. (XIII) which did not m. below 360'. XIII (9 g.) reduced with 22 g. IIA yielded (XIV), CGH9N50.0. SHZ504.0.SH20. XIV (1 g.) in 100 cc. water at 60' treated with 1 g. Ac2, and the mixt. heated 15 min. at 60-70', allowed to stand overnight, and cond. to 25 cc. yielded 0.22 g. 2-mathylamino-4-hydroxy-6,7-dimethylpteridine (XV), fine light yellow needles from water, m. 277-81'. The filtrate from 1 g. XV and 0.57 g. BaCl2 added to 1 g. Bz2 in 25 cc. alc., and the mixt. refluxed 2 hrs. yielded 2-mathylamino-4-hydroxy-6,7-dimethylpteridine (XV), decomp. 346-54'. XVI (0.175 g.), 10 cc. POCl3, and 0.7 g. PCl5 refluxed 2 hrs., the POCl3 distd. off, and the residue poured onto ice yielded chlorinated XVI (XVII). XVII (1 g.) and 20 cc. MeOH (satd. with NNI3 at 0') heated in a sealed tube 16 hrs. at 155' yielded 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenylpteridine. XIV (8.4 g.) with IV and V yielded 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenylpteridine. XIV (8.4 g.) with IV and V yielded 1.5 g. 3. mathyl-2,6-diamino-5-nitroso-(-EHP-pyrinidone (XVII). XII (20 g.) added to 10 g. XVII dissolved in 300 cc. water with a min. of dil. NaOH at 60' yielded 5.1 g. 3-mathyl-2,6-diamino-5-nitroso-(-EHP-pyrinidone (XVII). XOH (1 g.) and 50'. Heater with dil. NaOH, 28 g. NaNO2 added, then AcOH slowly, and the ppt. in 31. water heated to 100' yielded 10.2 g. bluish red 3-mathyl-2,6-diamino-5-nitroso-(-EHP-pyrinidone (XVII). IIA (20 g.) added to 10 g. XVII dissolved in 300 cc. water with a min. of dil. NaOH at 60' y

L8 ANSWER 33 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

L8 ANSWER 33 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1951:61112 CAPLUS
CORGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 45:10388d-h
ITILE: Chemistry of cholera. V. Effects of oral administration of pteridines, sulfonanides, and their aixtures to nice
AUTHOR(S): Chemistry of cholera. V. Effects of oral administration of pteridines, sulfonanides, and their aixtures to nice
AUTHOR(S): Collier, H. O. J., Hall, Iris F.
Allen & Hanbury, Ltd., Vare, UK
Annals of Tropical Medicine & Parasitology (1951), 45, 51-7
CODEN: ATHPA2, ISSN: 0003-4983
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal Unavailable
AB cf. C.A. 45, 5815i. 2,4-diamino-10-methyl-10H-indolo[3,2-9]pteridine (II), and 2,4-diamino-10-methyl-10H-indolo[3,2-9]pteridine (III) were tested for acute oral toxicity to nice and were also fed to nice in the diet, alone or with sulfaquanidine (IV). For oral toxicity tests the pteridines were prepared in 104 gum acacis and given by stomach tube. The LD50, in mg./Kg., of I was 966 and of II was > 5000. Mice receiving I showed convulsions. All 3 pteridines retarded the growth of nice fed 0.2-0.8% of the compound in the diet for 21 days. Growth was resumed when the animals were returned to the stock diet. Mortality was low from feeding I and II, but was up to 100% of the mice at the 0.8% level of III. Faces collected from the nice on the feeding test were assayed for vibriostatic activity by the fecal-suspension method (cf. C.A. 44, 6521d). The vibriostatic titer (V.T.) (i.e., the maximum number of dins. necessary before a fecal suspension losses all vibriostatic activity) of 4% of IV in the diet was 160-320,

(V.T.) (i.e., the maximum number of dilns. necessary before a fecal sension
loss all vibriostatic activity) of 4% of IV in the diet was 160-320, tested against an inoculum of 103 vibrios of Vibrio choleres per ml., for 24 hrs. Under the same conditions the V.T. of 0.2, 0.4, and 0.8% dietary levels of I and II was, resp., <80, <80, and 80, 320, 320-640, and 5120, and 680 for all levels of III. Feces from diets containing 0.4% pteridine plus 3.6% of IV showed a V.T. of 1220, 2560, and 320 for I, II, and III, resp. The percentage of dry weight of the compds. in the feces was 0.3 and 0.9% for I at the low and high diet level; 0.1 and 1.0% for II; and 0.3 and 1.5% for III. The pteridines were estimated fluorometrically. Although chloroamphenicol (V) was powerfully vibriostatic in vitro when added to normal mouse fecal suspensions (min. vibriostatic concentration 0.5 y/al.), there was no vibriostatic activity seen in the feces of mice fed 1.0% of V in the diet. For I, II, III, and IV, resp., the in vitro activities were, in y/al., 15.5, 2.0, > 500, and 500; and 7.8 and 3.9 for I- and II-phosphates, resp.

594514-86-8, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis(p-methoxyphenyl)(toxicity of)
694514-86-8 CAPLUS
Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis(p-methoxyphenyl)- (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSVER 34 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1951:45059 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 45:45059
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 45:7691h

ITILE: Effect of 2,4-diamino-5-(p-chlorophenoxy)-6methylpyrimidine and 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenylpteridine
on a chloroguanide-resistant strain of Plasmodium
gallinaceum

AUTHOR(S): Greenberg, Joseph; Richeson, Edna H.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Natl. Inst. Health, Bethesda, MD
Proceedings of the Society for Experimental Biology
and Medicine (1951), 77, 174-6
CODEN: PSEBAR, ISSN: 0037-9727

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
AB A chloroguanide-resistant strain of Pl. gallinaceum was cross-resistant to
the second compound but not to the first. The first compound and
chloroguanide-were not synergistic in their antimalarial activity.

IT 18181-83-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl(effect on choroguanide-resistant Plasmodium pallinaceum)

RN 18181-93-6 CAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\underset{H_2N}{\overset{NH_2}{\longleftarrow}} \underset{N}{\overset{N}{\longleftarrow}} \underset{p}{\overset{p}{\longleftarrow}}$$

LA ANSWER 35 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO:

SUSSIDERATION

AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Allen and Hanburys, Ltd., Vare, UK
Annals of Tropical Medicine & Parasitology (1950), 44,
273-80

COLEN: ATMPA2; ISSN: 0003-4983

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

LANGUAGE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal LANGUAGE:

Allen and end proping to the proping to the antipactorial and vibriostatic activities of 2,4-diamino-17-dethyl (1), diisopropyl (11), and diphenyl (III) pteridines, and 2,4-diamino-1--rethylindolo-(2',3',6,7-)pteridine (IV), and 4-aminopteroylglutamic acid (Y).

Streptococcus faecalis, which is unable to synthesize the pteridine monety, and V. cholerae were used. Against S. faecalis II and IV were more active than I, and their inhibitory effects were less readily overcome by PGA. III and V were roughly 10 as a active as IV, at the levels of PGA used (0.002 to 0.2 y/ml.). The ratio of inhibitor to PGA at the concentration producing 50 inhibition was not constant, falling with

increasing PGA concns. in the case of pteridines II, III, IV, and V, but

increasing PGA concas. in the case of pteridines II, III, IV, and V, but rising for I. Some antagonism towards II and IV was shown by PA at 0.02 to 2 y/ml. With V. cholerae 100 y/ml. of PGA overcame to some extent the inhibitory activity of the pteridines and of sulfaquanidine (VI), alone or in combination. Ten y/ml. of PGA had no effect. PA at 100 y/ml. also overcame the vibriostatic action of II and IV, but 1 y/ml. was ineffective. PABA (0.001 to 0.1 y/ml.) did not antagonize the activity of the pteridines, but was effective against VI. Peptone, at 100 y/ml. readily antagonized the vibriostatic action of VI, and to a lesser extent that of II, but had no effect on action of IV. 1818-193-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl-(in cholera therapy) 1818-19-3-6 CAPIUS 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl-(CA INDEX NAME)

ΙT

L8 ANSWER 37 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1951:33451 CAPLUS
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO: 45:531451
H5:33451 CAPLUS
45:531451 CAPLUS
45:33451 CAPLUS
45:33451

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

CODEN: ATMPA2; ISSN: 0003-4983

MENT TYPE: Journal
UAGE: O.A. 44, 6521d. 6,7-Disubstituted 2,4-diaminopteridines were prepared
and tested for vibriostatic activity. Of the 2,4-diamino-6,7dialkylpteridines the diisopropyl (I) and di-sec-Bu (II) compds. were the
most active but the di-Et and di-Pr derivs. were also active. Generally,
alkyl substituents of less than 2 or more than 3 C atoms were inactive.
In the 6,7-diaryl series di(p-methoxyphenyl) and di(1-furyl) derivs. were
active but the di(o-methoxyphenyl), di-Ph, and dibenzyl compds.
were not. With condensed ring substituents at the 6,7-position, the most
effective was 2,4-diamino-1'-methylindolo-(2,3,7,6,7)pteridine (III). In
all other compds. tested the min. inhibitory concentration rose markedly as

incubation time increased. The 1'-Et and 1'-propylindolo-(2',3',6,7) compds. were active at about 20-40 y/ml. Sulfaguanidine (IV) was used for comparison. Only III remained fully as effective against 106 as against 103 vibrios/ml. All strains of vibrios tested were inhibited by III. There was no difference in activity of I in a synthetic medium as compared to a peptone broth, while the min. inhibitory concentration of IV

lower in the synthetic medium. The phosphate, Cl-, and NO3- salts of III were prepared and tested at various pH values in the synthetic medium. The phosphate showed good activity from pH 7 to 8.5, the growth range for vibrios. The solubilities in RIO2 at 37' and pH 7 of several of the compds. (in mg./mL.) were: I, 0.1r I-phosphate, 18.7; II, 0.12; II-phosphate, 27.7; III, 0.04 and III-phosphate, 0.58.
694514-86-8, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis(p-methoxyphenyl)(in cholera therapy)
694514-86-8 CAPLUS
Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis(p-methoxyphenyl)- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 36 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1951:33452 CAPLUS
OCCUMENT NUMBER: 45:33452
ORIGINAL REPERENCE NO: 5: 45:5816C-e
TITLE: Chemotherapy of cholera. III. The action of pteridine-sulfonamide mixtures upon Vibrio cholerae and upon the mouse
AUTHOR(S): Collier, H. O. J.; Hall, Iris F.; Waterhouse, Pamela D.

D. Allen and Hanburys, Ltd., Ware, UK Annals of Tropical Medicins & Parasitology (1950), 44, 161-7 CODEN: ATMPA2; ISSN: 0003-4983 CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

CODEN: ATMPA2; ISSN: 0003-4983

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

AB The 2,4-diamino-6,7-diethyl, dipropyl, diisopropyl [1], di-sec-butyl, di[-f-tryl), and di[-f-tryl), and di[-f-tryl), and di[-f-tryl), and di[-f-tryl), and di[-f-tryl]

(2',3',6,7 or 7,6)pteridine, and 2,4-diamino-1'-methylindolo-(2',3',6,7)-pteridine [III] were tested with and without sulfaquanidine [IV]. All showed marked symergism with IV. A mixture composed of 10% pteridine and 90% IV had about the same activity as the pure pteridine for incubation periods up to 24 hrs. The mixts. were generally more active than the pure pteridines upon longer incubation. The LDSO (in mg./kg., intraperitomesally in mice) of 1, II, and III, resp., was: 141, 186, and 126, the LDSO of IV was 870. The LDSO of 10% mixts. of I, II, and III with IV were, resp., 1023, 890, and 578 mg./kg.

IIT 694814-86-8, Zteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis(p-methoxyphenyl)(in cholera therapy)

RN 694514-86-8 CAPLUS

CN Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis(p-methoxyphenyl)- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 38 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1550:43971 CAPLUS
OCCUMENT NUMBER: 44:43971
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 44:8417b-c
TITLE: Vibriostatic activity in certain series of pteridines
AUTHOR(S): Collier, H. O. J., Campbell, N. R., Fitzgerald, M. E.

H. Allen & Hanburys, Ltd., Ware, Herts, UX Nature (London, United Kingdom) (1950), 165, 1004-5 CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836 CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
Journal
AB Condensations of tetraminopyrimidine with N-methylisatin in the presence
of mineral acid gives a mixture of an active vibriostatic isomer 2,
4-diamino-1'-methylindole-(2', 3', 6, 7)-pteridine. In tests, (against
Vibrio cholerae) the activity was greatest in the disopropyl compound

IT 18181-93-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl694514-86-8, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl(vibriostatic activity of)

RN 18181-93-6 CAPLUS
CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

694514-86-8 CAPLUS
Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis(p-methoxyphenyl)- (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 39 0F 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1950:28053 CAPLUS
OCCUMENT NUMBER: 44:28053
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 41:5480c-f
TITLE: diphenylpteridine; its potentiation by sulfadiazine and inhibition by pteroylglutamic acid
Greenberg, Joseph
Natl. Inst. Health, Bethesda, MD
Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics (1949), 97 (No. 4, Pt. 1), 484-7
CODEN: JETRAB; ISSN: 0022-3565
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Journal (DR 15,789), 2.4-diamino-6,7-dicarboxypteridine (DR 15,799), 2.4-diamino-6,7-dicarboxypteridine (DR 15,790), 2.4-diamino-6,7-diphenylpteridine (DR 15,791), 2-amino-4-bydroxy-6,7-diphenylpteridine (DR 15,792), and
2.4-diamino-6,7-bis(p-aminophenyl)-pteridine (DR 15,793), and
2.4-diamino-6,7-bis(p-aminophenyl)-pteridine (DR 15,793), and
2.5,791 was able to suppress parasitemia at doses tolerated by the chick. Its antimalarial activity was about equal to that of quinine. Its action was markedly potentiated in vivo by sulfadiazine and significantly, but not completely, inhibited by pteroylglutamic acid. DR 15,794 and DR
15,789 had some antimalarial activity when administered with subeffective doses of sulfadiazine. DR 15,789 was much more toxic than the other compds.

It sell-19-3-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl-

doses of Sulradiazane. Du 15, 159 was much more toxic than compds.
18181-93-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl18181-93-5 (Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis(p-aminophenyl)(antimalarial activity of)
18181-93-6 CAPLUS
2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

151648-52-1 CAPLUS 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-bis(4-aminophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 40 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1950:14970 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 44:14970
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO: 44:2992b-d
ITITLE: A new synthesis of pteridines
TITLE: A new synthesis of pteridines
AUTHOR(S): Timmis, G. H.
SOURCE: NATURE (London, United Kingdon) (1949), 164, 139
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
AB Isomer formation and ambiguity about the structure of the product arising
from the condensation of 4,5-diaminopyrimidines with diketones or other
suitable compds. are avoided by using 5-nitroso-4-aminopyrimidines and
ketones as reactants. The following derives of I have been made by
condensation in HOAc at 100-60°. RI, R2 = NHZ, R3 , R4 = Ph, m.
282°, RI, R2 = NHZ, R3 = +Dh, R4 - He, m. 330°, R1, R2 = NHZ,
R3 R4 = -CO.NH.CO.NH-, absorption maximum, \$264, 369 (log .vepsiln.
4.11, 4.34), min., \$294 (log .vepsiln. 3.59); and R1, R2 = OH,
R3R4 = -CO.NH.CO.NH-, absorption maximum, \$280, 388 (log .vepsiln.
4.2, 4.3), min., \$275, 322 (log .vepsiln. 4.16, 3.4).

IT 18191-93-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl(preparation of)
RN 18181-93-6 CAPLUS
CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 39 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)
18181-93-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl(antimalarial activity of, and its potentiation by sulfadiazine and
inhibition by folic acid)
18181-93-6 CAPLUS
2,4-Pteridinediamine 6.7

4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 41 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1949:47440 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 43:47440

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CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258
JOURNAL JOURNAL JOURNAL JOURNAL JOURNAL LANGUAGE: Unavailable

AB The compds. studied were 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenylpteridine (I),
2,4-diamino-6,7-dimethylpteridine (II), 2-amino-4-hydroxy-6,7diphenylpteridine (III), 4-aminopteroylglutamic acid (IV), and crude
4-desoxypteroylglutamic acid (V). I, II, and III inhibited the growth of
S. faecalis at a much lower level than L. casei; IV and V inhibited both
organisms at similar levels. Weanling rats receiving diets containing 50
mg.

of I/100 g. developed leucopenia with agranulocytosis, but there was no effect on hemoglobin concentration. The leucopenia was prevented by the addition of

addition of
an equivalent amount of pteroylglutamic acid (VI). II and III, at 50 mg.

t, had
no effect on hematologic pattern, but II at 500 mg. t gave results similar
to those with I. IV caused leucopenia with agranulocytosis and also
anemia when fed at a level of 0.3 mg. t. The changes were prevented by
the addition of an equivalent amount of VI. The effect of V was similar to

c of

IV, but the dietary level required was much higher (500 mg. %). II and
at lower levels, prevented the agranulocytosis caused by the feeding of
sulfasuxidine.
1818-193-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl(hematologic effect of)
18181-19-6 CAPLUS
2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L8 ANSWER 42 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1949:47037 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 43:47037
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 43:8491c-e
TITLE: Quantitative interference with estrogen-induced tissue growth by folic acid antagonists
AUTHOR(S): Hertz. Roy; Tullner, Vm. V.
SOURCE: Endocrisology (1949), 44, 278-82
CODEN: ENDOAD, ISSN: 0013-7227
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: A 42, 4659a. In stilbestrol-treated chicks and estradioltreated ovariectomized rate, quant. inhibition of estrogen-induced tissue growth in the female genital tract was obtained with the folic acid antagonists, 4-aminopteroylapartic, 4-desoxypteroylglutamic, and 4-amino-N10-methylpteroylglutamic acids, 2,4-diamino-6,7-dimethylpteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-dimethylpteridine, The inhibition was reversed by administration of folic acid.

IT 18181-93-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl(affact on estrogen-induced tissue growth)
RN 18181-93-6 CAPLUS
CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (GCI INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 43 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) retention of antifolic acid activity. The introduction into I of any of the solubilizing groups investigated results in some lowering of antifolic acid activity; the effect of certain structural changes in I on such activity is discussed.

18181-93-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl(and derivs.)

18181-93-6 CAPLUS
2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

6967-77-7, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis[p-hydroxyphenyl]131648-82-1, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis[p-aminophenyl]80455-05-3, Acstanilide, 4'-[7-(p-acetamidophenyl)-2,4-diamino-6pteridyl]- 855629-16-2, Phenol, p-[2,4-diamino-7-[ohydroxyphenyl]-6-pteridyl]- 85568-52-9, Hethanol,
[p-[2,4-diamino-7-[p-[(hydroxyphentyl)amino]phenyl]-6-pteridyl]anilino]857228-86-5, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis[a-aminophenyl][preparation of]
6967-77-7 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4,4'-(2,4-diamino-6,7-pteridinediyl)bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

151648-52-1 CAPLUS 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-bis(4-aminophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

804555-05-3 CAPLUS Acetaniide, 4'-[7-(p-acetanidophenyl)-2,4-diamino-6-pteridyl)- (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L8 ANSVER 43 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1949:22617 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 43:22617
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 43:4268=-1,4269a-c
TITLE: Pteridines. IV. Derivatives of 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenylpteridine.

AUTHOR(S): Cain, C. K.; Taylor, E. C., Jr.; Daniel, Louise J.
JOURNEL: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1949), 71, 892-6

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1949), 71, 892-6

AB cf. C.A. 43, 654d. 2,4-Diamino-6,7-diphenylpteridine (I) (1 g.) and 50 m.L. Ac20, refluxed 16 h., give 55t of the N4-Ac derivative, light yellow, m. slowly at 140-50°, 0.5 g. 1, 10 m.L. Ac20, and 3 m.L. H2504, heated 1
h. on the steam bath, give 68t of the N2,N-di-Ac derivative, light yellow, decompose slowly above 190°. 2-Amino-4-bydromy-6,7-diphenylpteridine (II) (1 g.), 60 ml. PCC13, and 5 g. PC15, refluxed 2 h., give 81t of the 4-C1 compound (III) bright yellow, could not be crystallized because of hydrolysis to II. III (1 g.), 10 ml. NeNEZ, and 30 ml. ECOH, heated 16 h. at 155', give 274 2-amino-4-methylamino-6,7-diphenylpteridine, bright yellow, m. 237-8' (corrected). 2,4,5,6-tertamainopyrimidine (IV), bright orange, decompose 308-9' (corrected). 2,4,5,6-tertamainopyrimidine (V) (1.1 g.) in 75 ml. H20 and 1.35 g. (p-ACRICGHCO)2 in 100 ml. ECOH, refluxed 7 h., give 824 of the di-Ac derivative of IV, m. 234-7' (corrected). IV (0.1 g.) in 4 ml. bobling H20 containing sufficient concentrated HC1 to cause solution, treated with 0.2 mL. 401 HEMD

and adjusted to pH 7.5 with NAHCO3, gives a quant. yield of 2.4.4 ml. bobling H20 containing sufficient concentrated HC1 to cause solution.

CONTENTS of the Content of the Conte

Tal. H20 and 0.8 ml. concentrated H2504, treated water and 0.8 ml. concentrated H2504, treated water and 0.8 ml. at 100°, gives 71% 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis(p-hydroxyphenyl)tertidine, yellow; it was prepared also from (p-H0C6H4CO)2 and the bisulfite (VIII) of V (84%). V (3 9.) and 2 9. (m-02NC6H4CO)2 in 70 ml. EtOH and 15 ml. ACEt, refluxed 3 h., give a quant, yield of 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis(m-nitrophenyl)tertidine, m. 307-8' (corrected); catalytic reduction gives 65% of the m-aminophenyl compound, orange-yellow, decompose above 180°. The m-isomer of VII (85% yield) is hygroscopic and rapidly forms a trihydrate in the air. VIII (5 9.) in 20 ml. 0.5% NaOH, added to 5 9, phenanthrenequinone-3-sulfonic acid in 130 ml. H20 and refluxed 30 min., gives 88% 2,4-diaminophenanthro[9,10-e]pteridine-8 (or 11)-sulfonic acid, light yellow, does not m. up to 360°. The absorption spectra of these compds., qual. solubility in H20, EtOH, and 0.1

HC1 and NaOH, and their inhibitory indexes against Streptococcus faecalis are given. A (sulfinomethyl) amino group confers H2O solubility with the

ANSWER 43 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

855629-16-2 CAPLUS
Phenol, p-[2,4-diamino-7-[o-hydroxyphenyl]-6-pteridyl]- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

855868-52-9 CAPLUS

Methanol, [p-(2,4-diamino-7-[p-[(hydroxymethyl)amino]phenyl]-6-pteridyl]anilino]- (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

857228-86-5 CAPLUS
Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis[m-aminophenyl]- (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 43 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

857398-11-9 CAPLUS Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-bis[m-nitrophenyl]- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 45 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1947:31103 CAPLUS COCUMENT NUMBER: 41:31103 CAPLUS COCUMENT NUMBER: 41:6258a-f

OCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

OTHER SOURCE(S):

AB of. C.A. 41, 135f.

A modification is given of Traube's method (Ber. 37, 4544 (1904)) for the preparation of HZNCIC(NH2). N: C(NH2).N:CNH2 from CH2 C(NH2).

AB CI. U.S. 41, 1955.

4544(1904)) for the preparation of HZNC:C(NH2).N: C(NH2).N:CNH2 from CH2(CN)2

and NH:C(NH2)2 in 54% yield (as the bisulfite compound (I)). I (15 g.) and 20 g. (CHO.NAHSO3)2 in 250 ml. H2O, heated to boiling, acidified to pH 3 with dilute HCI, and boiled 20 min., qive 88% 2,4-diaminopyrimidinol(,5-b)pyrazine (II), needles, HC:N.C.N.C.NC.HZ HC:N.C.C.(NH2): N (II) decompose on heating this and some of its derivs, could not be analyzed by ordinary combustion procedures. I (50 g.), 20 ml. Ac2, and 300 ml. H2O, heated 1 hr. at 80°, give 85% of the 6,7-di-the derivative of II, priman, decompose on heating. I (5 g.), 5 g. Bz2, 3 ml. concentrated HCl, 50 ml. EtOH, 50 ml. EtAc, and 100 ml. H2O, refluxed 2 hrs., the pH adjusted to 6, and the product crystallized from 80% HCOZH, give 84% of the 6,7-di-th derivative of II, m.

280-3° (decomposition). I (4.5 g.) in 50 ml. H2O and 5 ml. concentrated HCl,

treated with 1 g. acenaphthenequinone in 25 ml. HCONMe2 and the mixture heated 4 hrs. on the steam bath, give 90, \$ 2,4-disminoacenaphtho[1,2-elpyrimid[04,5-b]pyrazine, needles, decompose on heating. I (2 g.), 1.5 g. phenanthrenequinone, 250 ml. 95% EtOH, and 5 ml. 10% aqueous NaOH, refluxed

hrs., give 84% 2,4-diaminophenanthro[9,10-e]pyrimido[4,5-b]pyrazine, needles, sinters 340° without melting. I (15 g.), 6 g. AcCHO, and 200 cc. H2O give 90% of the 6(or 7)-He derivative of II, prisms, decompose

heating. All these compds. show parallel extinction. The ultraviolet absorption spectra are given of the above compds. and of some reported in Part I. Several derivs. of II exhibit marked antifolic acid activity for several bacteria.

18101-93-6, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl(preparation of)
18181-93-6 CAPLUS
2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6,7-diphenyl- (GCA INDEX NAME)

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L8 ANSWER 44 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1947:37525 CAPLUS
COCUMENT NUMBER: 41:73525 CAPLUS
CRIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 41:74381,74393—b
TITLE: Studies with Streptococcus faecalis, Lactobacillus casei, and Lactobacillus arabinosus
AUTHOR(S): Daniel, Louise J.; Norris, L. C.; Scott, M. L.;
Heuser, G. F.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Cornell Univ., Ithaca
SOURCE: JOURNAI of Biological Chemistry (1947), 169, 689-97
CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal of Biological Chemistry (1947), 169, 689-97
CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
AB The following synthetic pterins were used: 2,4-diamino-6,7disethylpyrinido-(4,5-b)pyrazine, 2,4-diamino-7-methylpyrinido(4,5-b)
pyrazine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-dicarboxypyrinido(4,5-b)pyrazine, 2,4-diamino-6,7diphenylpyrinido(4,5-b)pyrazine, 2,4-diamino-6,7diaminophenathro(9,10-e)pyrinido(4,5-b)pyrazine, 2,4-diaminosanthro(9,10-e)pyrinido(4,5-b)pyrazine, 2,4-diaminosus, which synthesizes its own I. The secalis and L. casei which
require folic acid (1) as an essential nutrient, but also for L.
arabinosus, which synthesizes its own I. The substitution of CH for NHZ
in the 4- or 2-position destroyed the anti-I activity. Those pterins with
4-NH2 groups varied in anti-I with the nature of the substitution in the
6- and 7-positions.

1 8181-93-6 CAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-diphenyl(SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 45 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

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